


UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA  
FORT MYERS DIVISION

OLDIN GONZALEZ,

Petitioner,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-1227-JES-DNF

A- Number: 

Guatemala

WARDEN, GLADES COUNTY  
DETENTION CENTER, et al. (all  
official capacity),<sup>1</sup>

Respondents.

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**Response to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus**

Petitioner Oldin Gonzalez challenges his detention by U.S. Department of Homeland Security (“DHS”) and Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”), arguing he is entitled to a bond hearing under 8 U.S.C. § 1226. This is a standard 1225 v. 1226 case without detention at the border upon entry.

While reserving all rights—including a right to appeal—the Federal Respondents submit this abbreviated brief in lieu of exhaustive, duplicative briefing on the § 1225(b)(2) v. § 1226 issue. This is an effort to preserve Respondents’

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<sup>1</sup> The Warden is the only appropriate Respondent. 8 U.S.C. § 2243; *Rumsfeld v. Padilla*, 542 U.S. 426, 434-36 (2004); *Vandersnick v. Sec’y, Fla. Dep’t of Corr.*, No. 5:18-cv-603-SPC-PRL, 2021 WL 1020914, at \*1 n.3 (M.D. Fla. Mar. 17, 2021). Any relief the Court awards should be fashioned to that within the power of the immediate custodian (i.e., the Warden) or ICE/DHS. See, e.g., *Mirando Bravo v. Noem*, No. 2:25-cv-1046-SPC-DNF, Doc. 8 at \*3 (M.D. Fla. Dec. 5, 2025) (ordering ICE *either* to bring petitioner for a bond hearing *or* release by a specific date).

arguments and conserve scarce judicial resources. Should the Court prefer a fulsome discussion or entertain reconsidering its rulings on § 1226, Respondents request leave to submit additional briefing.

### **Background**

Gonzalez is a 40-year-old citizen and national of Guatemala who entered the United States without inspection, admission, or parole several times. Gonzalez alleges he illegally entered in 2003. He wasn't detained at the border.

He was encountered in connection with a charge for driving without a valid driver's license. ICE detained Gonzalez on November 13. It issued him a Form I-862, Notice to Appear ("NTA"), and Form I-200, Warrant of Arrest ("WA"). (Ex. 1). The NTA charged unlawful presence (8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(6)(A)).

Gonzalez is currently detained at Glades County Detention Center. He has a master calendar hearing set for February 11.

### **Certified Habeas Return**

ICE is detaining Gonzalez under the mandatory detention provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(2). See 28 U.S.C. § 2243 ("The person to whom the writ or order is directed shall make a return certifying the true cause of the detention."). Gonzalez bears the burden to prove his custody violates federal law. *Whitfield v. U.S. Sec'y of State*, 853 F. App'x 327, 329 (11th Cir. 2021).

### **Discussion**

*In re Matter of Yajure Hurtado*, 29 I&N Dec. 216 (B.I.A. 2025), the Board of

Immigration Appeals (“BIA”) examined the plain language of § 1225, the Immigration and Nationality Act’s (“INA”) statutory scheme, Supreme Court and BIA precedent, the legislative history of the INA and the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, and ICE’s prior practices. After doing so, the BIA held that “under a plain language reading of section 235(b)(2)(A) of the INA, 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(2)(A), Immigration Judges lack authority to hear bond requests or to grant bond to aliens, like the respondent, who are present in the United States without admission.” 29 I&N Dec. at 225. This Court should rule the same.

Respondents acknowledge that questions of law in this case substantially overlap with *Patel v. Hardin*, No. 2:25-cv-870-JES-NPM, 2025 WL 3442706 (M.D. Fla. Dec. 1, 2025). It should be noted, however, many courts recently ruled in Respondents favor on this issue. *Manzo Valencia v. Chestnut*, No. 1:25-cv-01550 WBS JDP, 2025 WL 3205133, at \*1-4 (E.D. Cal. Nov. 17, 2025).<sup>2</sup> As the battle of the string

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<sup>2</sup> See also *Suarez v. Noem*, No. 1:25-cv-00202-JMD, 2025 WL 3312168, at \*2-3 (E.D. Mo. Nov. 28, 2025); *Cortes Alonzo v. Noem*, No. 1:25-cv-01519 WBS SCR, 2025 WL 3208284, at \*1-5 (E.D. Cal. Nov. 17, 2025); *Altamirano Ramos v. Lyons*, No. 2:25-cv-09785-SVW-AJR, 2025 WL 3199872, at \*4-9 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 12, 2025); *Montoya Cabanas v. Bondi*, No. 4:25-cv-04830, 2025 WL 3171331, at \*3-7 (S.D. Tex. Nov. 13, 2025); *Olalde v. Noem*, No. 1:25-CV-00168-JMD, 2025 WL 3131942, at \*2-5 (E.D. Mo. Nov. 10, 2025); *Oliveira v. Patterson*, No. 6:25-cv-01463-DCJ-DJA, 2025 WL 3095972, at \*2-6 (W.D. La. Nov. 4, 2025); *Sandoval v. Acuna*, No. 6:25-cv-01467, 2025 WL 3048926, \*2-6 (W.D. La. Oct. 31, 2025); *Rojas v. Olson*, No. 25-cv-1437-bhl, 2025 WL 3033967, at \*2-10 (E.D. Wis. Oct. 30, 2025); *Garibay-Robledo v. Noem*, No. 1:25-cv-00177-H (Doc. 9) (N.D. Tex. Oct. 24, 2025); *Kum v. Ross*, No. 6:25-cv-00451-DCJ-CBW, 2025 WL 3113646, at \*1-2 (W.D. La. Oct. 22, 2025); *Vargas v. Lopez*, No. 25-CV-526, 2025 WL 2780351, at \*4-9 (D. Neb. Sept. 30, 2025); *Chavez v. Noem*, No. 25-CV-23250CAB-SBC, 2025 WL 2730228 at \*4-5 (S.D. Cal. Sept. 24, 2025).

cites builds, there is clearly a countrywide district split on applying § 1225 or § 1226 in these instances. And at least five circuits—including the Eleventh—have active appeals on the matter. *Martinez v. Hyde*, No. 25-1902 (1st Cir.); *Buenrostro-Mendez v. Bondi*, No. 25-20496 (5th Cir.); *Pizzaro Reyes v. ERO*, No. 25-1982 (6th Cir.); *Cortes Alonzo v. Noem*, No. 25-7348 (9th Cir.); *Hernandez Alvarez v. Warden*, No. 25-14065 (11th Cir.).<sup>3</sup>

Respondents respectfully disagree with the Court’s decision in *Patel* and believe appeals on this legal question will be in their favor. That said, in the interest of judicial economy and to expedite the Court’s consideration of this matter, Respondents make the following arguments for preservation purposes:

1. 8 U.S.C. § 1252(g) bars review of the Gonzalez’s claims. *Patel*, 2:25-cv-870-JES-NPM (Doc. 15 at 4-7) (M.D. Fla.).<sup>4</sup>
2. 8 U.S.C. § 1252(b)(9) bars review of Gonzalez’s claims. *Id.* at 7-8.
3. Gonzalez failed to exhaust his administrative remedies. *Id.* at 8-9.
4. Gonzalez is properly detained under 8 U.S.C. § 1225. *Id.* at 10-16.

Should the Court determine Gonzalez’s detention is subject to § 1226, the only

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<sup>3</sup> *Buenrostro-Mendez v. Bondi*, No. H-25-3726, 2025 WL 2886346 (S.D. Tex. Oct. 7, 2025); *Martinez v. Hyde*, 792 F. Supp. 3d 211 (D. Mass. 2025); *Cortes Alonzo*, 2025 WL 3208284; *Pizzaro Reyes v. ERO*, No. 25-cv-12546, 2025 WL 2609425 (E.D. Mich. Sept. 9, 2025) *Alvarez v. Morris*, No. 0:25-cv-24806, Doc. 6 (S.D. Fla. Oct. 27, 2024).

<sup>4</sup> Respondents acknowledge Local Rule 3.01(h) prohibits incorporation by reference of any other motion, legal memorandum, or brief. To achieve the purpose of efficiency, Respondents respectfully request the Court to suspend application of the rule in this instance. See M.D. Fla. Local R. 1.01(a)-(b); Fed. R. Civ. P. 1.

appropriate remedy is to begin the process for a bond hearing—not outright release—during which an IJ can determine whether Gonzalez is a flight risk or danger to the community. *See, e.g., Vasquez Carcamo*, 2025 WL 3119263, at \*5-6. Again, only EOIR can provide a bond hearing. That said, if ordered, ICE would do what is in its power to facilitate a hearing. *See Mirando Bravo*, No. 2:25-cv-1046-SPC-DNF, Doc. 8 at \*3.

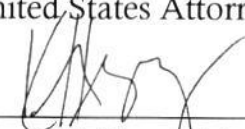
### **Conclusion**

Gonzalez’s Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus should be denied. Even if the Court grants relief under § 1226, the only appropriate relief would be a bond determination by ICE and submission to an actual IJ bond hearing as set by EOIR.

Date: January 9, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

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