

I. PARTIES & CUSTODY

1. Petitioner Jorge Alvaro Garcia Vasquez is currently detained at the Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”) Montgomery Processing Center, located at 806 Hilbig Road, Conroe, TX 77301. He has been in ICE custody since December 8, 2025.
2. Respondent Randy Tate, in his official capacity as Warden of the Montgomery Processing Center, has refused to effect Petitioner’s release from unlawful custody at that facility.
3. Respondent Bret Bradford, in his official capacity as Director of the Houston Field Office of ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations, has refused to effect Petitioner’s release from unlawful custody at the Montgomery Processing Center.
4. Respondent Kristi Noem, in their official capacity as Secretary of the United States Department of Homeland Security, has refused to exercise their authority to oversee their department’s ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations and thereby effect Petitioner’s release from unlawful custody at the Montgomery Processing Center.
5. Respondent Pam Bondi, in their official capacity as Attorney General of the United States, has refused to exercise their authority to oversee their department’s ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations and thereby effect Petitioner’s release from unlawful custody at the Montgomery Processing Center.


II. JURISDICTION & VENUE

6. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241 to issue writs of habeas corpus when the petitioner is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States.
7. Venue is proper in this district because Petitioner is detained within this district.

III. EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

8. Petitioner has exhausted his administrative remedies to the extent required by law.
9. Petitioner has fully cooperated with Respondents and has not delayed or obstructed his detention.
10. Petitioner's only remedy is by way of this judicial action.

IV. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

11. Petitioner Jorge Alvaro Garcia Vasquez is a 27-year-old male, a native and citizen of Guatemala, born on  in Totonicapán, Guatemala. *See attached*, Exhibit A, ID.
12. Petitioner last entered the United States without inspection on or about September 9, 2021, at or near an unknown location. He has remained in the United States since that time. *See attached*, Exhibit B, Form I-213.
13. On or about April 6, 2023, the Department of Homeland Security (“DHS”) served Petitioner with a Notice to Appear, charging him as removable under INA § 212(a)(6)(A)(i) as an alien present in the United States without being admitted or paroled. Removal

proceedings were initiated before the Immigration Court. *See attached*, Exhibit C, Notice to Appear.

14. On or about April 6, 2023, Petitioner was taken into custody by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”) and detained at the Montgomery Processing Center in Conroe, Texas. *See attached*, Exhibit D, Warrant for Arrest of Alien.
15. Petitioner sought release from ICE custody pursuant to INA § 236(a) and requested a custody redetermination hearing before the Immigration Court. On June 1, 2023, an Immigration Judge determined that Petitioner was bond eligible and ordered his release upon the posting of bond. *See attached*, Exhibit E, Bond Order.
16. Following the Immigration Judge’s bond determination, Petitioner was released from ICE custody and remained in the community while continuing to pursue relief from removal in good faith.
17. On December 8, 2025, ICE re-detained Petitioner and placed him back into immigration custody at the Montgomery Processing Center, despite the prior bond determination and without any new custody hearing, bond revocation order, or finding that Petitioner is subject to mandatory detention. *See attached*, Exhibit F, ICE Notice to EOIR: Alien Address
18. ICE has not identified any changed circumstances, new criminal conduct, or statutory basis justifying Petitioner’s re-detention, nor has Petitioner been afforded a new custody determination before an Immigration Judge.

19. Petitioner's removal proceedings remain ongoing and not administratively final, and no final order of removal has been entered in his case. Petitioner continues to pursue relief from removal before the Immigration Court. *See attached*, Exhibit G, I-589.
20. As a result of ICE's unilateral re-detention, Petitioner is currently being held without lawful authority and without due process, in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act and the Fifth Amendment to the United States Constitution.
21. Petitioner now submits this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241, seeking immediate release from unlawful detention or, in the alternative, a prompt and constitutionally adequate custody hearing before a neutral decision-maker.

V. LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR RELIEF SOUGHT

22. Under U.S. Code 28 § 2241, writs of habeas corpus may be granted by the district courts on behalf of a prisoner in several instances, including when they are (1) "in custody under or by the authority of the United States or is committed for trial before some court thereof," (3) "in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws and treaties of the United States," and (4) when they, "being a citizen of a foreign state and domiciled therein [are] in custody for an act done or omitted under any alleged right, title, authority, privilege, protection, or exemption claimed under the commission, order or sanction of any foreign state, or under color thereof, the validity and effect of which depend upon the law of nations[.]"
23. Courts have consistently recognized "habeas corpus as an appropriate vehicle through which noncitizens may challenge the fact of their civil immigration detention." *Vazquez Barrera v. Wolf*, 455 F. Supp. 3d 330, 336 (S.D. Tex. 2020) (citing *Zadvydas v. Davis* ,

533 U.S. at 688 (ruling on merits of habeas petition challenging validity of indefinite mandatory detention)).

VI. CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT ONE:

RESPONDENTS HAVE UNLAWFULLY DETAINED PETITIONER
IN VIOLATION OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION ACT.

24. Petitioner alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 23 above.
25. Petitioner's removal proceedings are ongoing and not final. No final order of removal has been entered, and Petitioner remains in active proceedings before the Conroe Immigration Court, with a Master Calendar Hearing scheduled for January 21, 2026.
26. Petitioner does not fall within any category of mandatory detention and poses no present danger warranting re-detention.
27. Therefore, **Petitioner merits immediate release** because there has been no final order of removal issued against him, and the government cannot articulate any meaningful reason why he should continue to remain in detention while his removal proceedings are pending.

COUNT TWO:

RESPONDENTS HAVE UNLAWFULLY DETAINED PETITIONER
IN VIOLATION OF CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS

28. Petitioner alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 27 above.
29. Petitioner's continued detention violates his right to substantive and procedural due process guaranteed by the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

30. Petitioner is unlawfully in custody pursuant to INA § 241(a)(6), 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) (2018) (“Section 241”). Under *Zadvydas*, that provision prohibits the indefinite detention of noncitizens who (i) cannot be repatriated in the reasonably foreseeable future, and (ii) pose no threat to the community. Any such detention is unconstitutional. *See Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 689, emphasis added (“In our view, the statute [Section 241], read in light of the Constitution's demands, limits an alien’s post-removal-period detention to a period reasonably necessary to bring about that alien’s removal from the United States. It does not permit indefinite detention.”).
31. The Fifth Amendment's Due Process Clause prohibits the government from detaining individuals without legal authority.
32. Under 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(1), detention during the removal period is only authorized after a removal order becomes "final."
33. As stated above, Petitioner’s removal proceedings are ongoing and not final. No final order of removal has been entered, and Petitioner remains in active proceedings before the Conroe Immigration Court, with a Master Calendar Hearing scheduled for January 21, 2026.
34. Habeas corpus remains available to challenge unlawful civil immigration detention where the government exceeds its statutory authority. *See Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 688 (“The aliens here, however, do not seek review of the Attorney General's exercise of discretion; rather, they challenge the extent of the Attorney General's authority under the post-removal-period detention statute. And the extent of that authority is not a matter of discretion . . . [therefore we] conclude habeas corpus proceedings remain available. . . .”).

35. Therefore, this petition is not barred, as the Petitioner is not seeking to collaterally attack the final removal order, because a final order does not yet exist while the appeal is pending.

36. Petitioner's continued detention lacks statutory authority and violates his right to substantive due process under the Constitution. Therefore, he should be immediately released from custody.

VII. REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Petitioner Jorge Alvaro Garcia Vasquez respectfully requests that this Honorable Court **IMMEDIATELY** issue a temporary restraining order:

1. **Directing Respondents to immediately release Petitioner from custody;**
2. In the alternative, if immediate release is not ordered, directing Respondents to provide Petitioner with a prompt, individualized bond hearing governed by INA § 236(a), 8 U.S.C. § 1226(a).
3. Restraining and enjoining Respondent, their agents, employees, and successors from removing Petitioner from the United States;
4. Directing Respondent to take all necessary steps to halt any removal preparations;
5. Requiring Respondent to notify all relevant personnel that Petitioner shall not be removed;
6. Set an expedited hearing on Petitioner's motion for preliminary injunction;
7. After hearing, issue a preliminary injunction maintaining the relief requested above during the pendency of this action;
8. Waive or set security in a nominal amount;
9. Award attorney's fees and costs; and
10. Grant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Matthew Mendez

Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner
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PETITIONER VERIFICATION

Petitioner is currently detained in ICE custody, and has authorized Counsel, Matthew Mendez, to verify, on their behalf, that the facts stated therein are true and correct to the best of their knowledge and belief.

/s/ Matthew Mendez

Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner

12/23/2025

Date

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On December 23, 2025, Counsel for Petitioner served a copy of the attached Petition via USPS Certified Mail, in compliance with Rule 4 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, upon the Respondent, Randy Tate, in his official capacity as Warden of the Montgomery Processing

Center; at the Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”) Montgomery Processing Center, located at Office of the Warden, 806 Hilbig Road, Conroe, Texas 77301.

/s/ Matthew Mendez
Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner

12/23/2025
Date

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On December 23, 2025, Counsel for Petitioner served a copy of the attached Petition via USPS Certified Mail, in compliance with Rule 4 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, upon the **Respondent, Bret Bradford, in his Official Capacity as Field Office Director, of ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations Houston Field Office**, at (1) Office of the Field Office Director, Enforcement and Removal Operations, Houston Field Office, 126 Northpoint Drive, Houston, Texas 77060, and (2) to the United States at Civil Process Clerk, U.S. Attorney’s Office, 1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 2300, Houston, Texas 77002.

/s/ Matthew Mendez
Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner

12/23/2025
Date

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On December 23, 2025, Counsel for Petitioner served a copy of the attached Petition via USPS Certified Mail, in compliance with Rule 4 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, upon the

Respondent, Kristi Noem, in their Official Capacity as Director of U.S. Department of Homeland Security, at (1) Office of General Counsel, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, 245 Murray Lane, SW, Mail Stop 0485, Washington, D.C. 20530; and (2) to the United States at Civil Process Clerk, U.S. Attorney's Office, 1000 Louisiana Street, Suite 2300, Houston, Texas 77002.

/s/ Matthew Mendez

Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner

12/23/2025

Date

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On December 23, 2025, Counsel for Petitioner served a copy of the attached Petition via email, in compliance with Rule 4 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, upon the **Respondent, Pam Bondi, in their Official Capacity as Attorney General of the United States**, at USATXS.CivilNotice@usdoj.gov.

/s/ Matthew Mendez

Matthew Mendez
Attorney for Petitioner

12/23/2025

Date