

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN DIEGO DIVISION**

'25CV3417 JO DEB

JUAN TERCERO GONZALEZ,

Agency No. 

Petitioner,

v.

KRISTI NOEM, Secretary, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, et. al.,

Respondents.

PETITIONER'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

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6 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
7 **SAN DIEGO DIVISION**

8 JUAN TERCERO GONZALEZ,)
9)
10 Petitioner,)
11 v.)
12 Kristi NOEM, in her official capacity as Secretary)
13 of Homeland Security, Christopher J. LAROSE,)
in his official capacity as Warden of Otay Mesa)
14 Detention Center, Gregory J. ARCHAMBEAULT,)
15 in his official capacity as San Diego Field Office)
Director, ICE Enforcement Removal Operations;)
16 Todd LYONS, in his official capacity as Acting Director)
of ICE; and Pamela BONDI, U.S.)
17 Attorney General; IMMIGRATION AND)
18 CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT; DEPARTMENT OF)
HOMELAND SECURITY,)
19 Respondents.)
20)

'25CV3417 JO DEB

**PETITION FOR WRIT
OF HABEAS CORPUS**



21 **I. INTRODUCTION**

22 1. Petitioner JUAN TERCERO GONZALEZ ("Petitioner") is a 40-year-
23 old Guatemalan national who last entered the United States in 2004.

24 2. On December 1, 2025, Petitioner was detained by Respondents at the
25 Otay Mesa Detention Center.

26 3. Petitioner has not requested a custody redetermination as the impact
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1 of the Board of Immigration Appeals (“BIA”) decision in *Matter of Yajure*
2 *Hurtado*, 28 I&N Dec. 216 (BIA 2025) has meant that all requests for custody
3 redetermination under Petitioner’s circumstances have been dismissed for lack
4 of jurisdiction.

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6 4. Petitioner therefore seeks a writ of habeas corpus directing his
7 immediate release.

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9 **II. VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

10 5. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 (habeas corpus),
11 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question), and Article I, § 9, cl. 2 of the Constitution
12 (Suspension Clause), as Petitioner is presently in custody under the authority
13 of the United States and challenging his detention as in violation of the
14 Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States.

15
16 6. The federal district courts have jurisdiction under Section 2241 to
17 hear habeas claims by individuals challenging the lawfulness of their detention
18 by ICE. *See Jennings v. Rodriguez*, 583 U.S. 281, 290-92 (2018).

19 7. Venue is proper because Petitioner is detained in the Otay Mesa
20 Detention Center, within the San Diego Division, and Respondent LaRose is his
21 immediate custodian. *See* 28 U.S.C. §§ 2241(d), 1391(e).

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26 **III. PARTIES**

1 8. Petitioner is a 40-year-old Guatemalan national who resides in San
2 Diego, California. He is currently detained by Respondents at the Otay Mesa
3 Detention Center in San Diego, California, pending removal proceedings.

4 9. Respondent Christopher J. LaRose is the Warden of Otay Mesa
5 Detention Center. Respondent La Rose is responsible for the operation of the
6 Detention Center where Petitioner is detained. As such, Respondent LaRose
7 has immediate physical custody of the Petitioner. He is being sued in his
8 official capacity.

9 10. Respondent Gregory J. Archambeault is the San Diego Field Office
10 Director ("FOD") for ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations. Respondent
11 Archambeault is responsible for the oversight of ICE operations at the Otay
12 Mesa Detention Center. Respondent Archambeault is being sued in his official
13 capacity.

14 11. Respondent Todd Lyons is the Acting Director of ICE. Respondent
15 Lyons is responsible for the administration of ICE and the implementation and
16 enforcement of the immigration laws, including immigrant detention. As such,
17 Respondent Lyons is a legal custodian of Petitioner and is being sued in his
18 official capacity.

19 12. Respondent Kristi Noem is the Secretary of the Department of
20 Homeland Security ("DHS"). As Secretary of DHS, Secretary Noem is
21 responsible for the general administration and enforcement of the immigration
22 laws of the United States. Respondent Secretary Noem is being sued in her
23 official capacity.

1 official capacity.
2


3 **IV. EXHAUSTION OF REMEDIES**
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5 13. No statutory exhaustion requirement applies. *See* 8 § U.S.C. 2241;
6 *Laing v. Ashcroft*, 370 F.3d 994, 998 (9th Cir. 2004). Therefore, exhaustion is not
7 jurisdictionally required.

8 14. Additionally, further agency steps will be futile. Recently, the BIA
9 published *Matter of Yajure Hurtado*, 28 I&N Dec. 216 (BIA 2025). In its decision,
10 the BIA adopted DHS' reading of 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(2), finding individuals
11 similarly situated to Petitioner ineligible for release on bond.
12

13 15. In Petitioner's case, any request for custody redetermination will be
14 dismissed by the Immigration Court for lack of jurisdiction and any appeal to
15 the BIA will be dismissed. *Matter of Yajure Hurtado* currently controls in
16 Petitioner's case and any attempt to request agency evaluation of his detention
17 will be futile.
18

19
20 **V. STATEMENT OF FACTS**

21 16. Petitioner is a Guatemalan national born on  He
22 last entered the United States in 2004.
23

24 17. On or about December 1, 2025, Petitioner was detained by
25 Respondents at the Otay Mesa Detention Center.

26 18. Petitioner has remained in Respondents' custody since that time.
27
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1 19. Petitioner’s next master hearing is scheduled for December 15, 2025,
2 at 8:00 a.m. before Immigration Judge Eugene H. Robinson JR. at 7488
3 Calzada de la Fuente, San Diego, California.
4

5 20. Petitioner now seeks habeas relief because continuing his detention
6 exceeds statutory authority and violates the Fifth Amendment.
7

8 VI. LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR RELIEF SOUGHT

9 21. Habeas corpus relief extends to a person “in custody under or by color
10 of the authority of the United States” if the person can show he is “in custody
11 in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States.” 28
12 U.S.C. § 2241 (c)(1), (c)(3); see also *Antonelli v. Warden, U.S.P. Atlanta*, 542
13 F.3d 1348, 1352 (11th Cir. 2008) (holding a petitioner’s claims are proper under
14 28 U.S.C. section 2241 if they concern the continuation or execution of
15 confinement).
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18 22. “[H]abeas corpus is, at its core, an equitable remedy,” *Schlup v.*
19 *Delo*, 513 U.S. 298, 319 (1995), that “[t]he court shall ... dispose of [] as law
20 and justice require,” 28 U.S.C. § 2243. “[T]he court’s role was most extensive
21 in cases of pretrial and noncriminal detention.” *Boumediene v. Bush*, 553
22 U.S. 723, 779–80 (2008). “[W]hen the judicial power to issue habeas corpus
23 properly is invoked the judicial officer must have adequate authority to make
24 a determination in light of the relevant law and facts and to formulate and
25 issue appropriate orders for relief, including, if necessary, an order directing
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1 the prisoner's release." *Id.* at 787.

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3 **VII. CAUSES OF ACTION**

4 **COUNT ONE**

5 **8 U.S.C. § 1226(a), NOT 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b), APPLIES TO PETITIONER**

6 23. Petitioner incorporates paragraphs 1 through 22 as if fully set out
7 herein.

8
9 24. Recently, Respondents began arguing that those in situations similar
10 to Petitioner are detained pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(2), which mandates
11 the detention of an "applicant for admission" throughout the entirety of
12 removal proceedings.

13 25. Respondents' newly formulated definition of "applicant for
14 admission," which would include any noncitizen who has not been formally
15 admitted regardless of years of residence in the United States, directly
16 contradicts both the plain text of the statute and controlling Ninth Circuit
17 precedent.
18

19 26. As the Ninth Circuit explained in interpreting the phrase "applicant
20 for admission" under § 1225(b)(1), "*an immigrant submits an 'application for*
21 *admission' at a distinct point in time,"* and stretching that phrase to apply
22 "*potentially for years or decades ... would push the statutory text beyond its*
23 *breaking point."* *United States v. Gambino-Ruiz*, 91 F.4th 981, 988–89 (9th Cir.
24 2024) (citing *Torres v. Barr*, 976 F.3d 918, 922–26 (9th Cir. 2020) (en banc)).
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26
27 27. Because Petitioner has resided continuously in the United States
28

1 since 2004, his period as an “applicant for admission” has long since closed.

2 28. Numerous courts across the United States have considered this issue
3 subsequent to Respondents’ new policy of treating the vast majority of
4 immigrants in their custody as being detained pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §
5 1225(b)(2) and the BIA’s decision supporting this interpretation in *Matter of*
6 *Yajure Hurtado*, 28 I&N Dec. 216 (BIA 2025).
7

8 29. This Court, joining the general consensus with other courts across
9 this country, has previously held those similarly situated to Petitioner are
10 being held under 8 U.S.C. § 1226(a) and therefore are not subject to mandatory
11 detention under 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b). *See e.g., Martinez Lopez v. Noem, et al.*, No:
12 25-cv-2717-JES-AHG, 2025 WL 3030457 (S.D. Cal. Oct. 30, 2025).
13
14

15 **COUNT TWO**
16 **(PROCEDURAL DUE PROCESS)**

17 30. Petitioner incorporates paragraphs 1 through 22 as if fully set out
18 herein.
19

20 31. The Fifth Amendment forbids deprivation of liberty without notice
21 and a meaningful opportunity to be heard before a neutral decision-maker. Due
22 process protects “all ‘persons’ within the United States, including [non-
23 citizens], whether their presence here is lawful, unlawful, temporary, or
24 permanent.” *Zadvydas v. Davis*, 533 U.S. 678, 698 (2001).
25

26 32. Subsection 1003.19(i)(2) strips Petitioner of that protection by
27 allowing the prosecuting agency—after losing at the bond hearing—to veto the
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1 Immigration Judge’s order with a one-page notice that requires no showing of
2 danger, flight risk, or likelihood of success on appeal.

3 33. Applying the *Mathews v. Eldridge*, 424 U.S. 319 (1976), test,
4 Petitioner’s liberty interest is paramount; the risk of erroneous deprivation is
5 extreme considering the Immigration Judge’s determination that Petitioner is
6 not subject to mandatory detention under 8 U.S.C. § 1226(c) and does not pose
7 a danger to the community. Likewise, the risk of erroneous deprivation of
8 liberty is great due to the lack of a non-independent adjudicator. *Marcello v.*
9 *Bonds*, 39 U.S. 302, 305-306 (1955). In filing Form EOIR-43, ICE is acting as
10 both the prosecutor as well as the adjudicator.
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13 34. While the government has discretion to detain individuals under 8
14 U.S.C. § 1226(a) and to revoke custody decisions under 8 U.S.C. § 1226(b), this
15 discretion is not “unlimited” and must comport with constitutional due process.
16 *See Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 698.
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19 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

20 WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays that this Court grant the following relief:

- 21 1) Assume jurisdiction over this matter;
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23 2) Grant Petitioner a writ of habeas corpus directing the Respondents to
24 immediately release him from custody, under reasonable conditions of
25 supervision;
26 3) Order Respondents to refrain from transferring Petitioner out of the
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1 jurisdiction of this court during the pendency of these proceedings and while
2 the Petitioner remains in Respondents' custody;

3 4) Order Respondents to file a response within 3 business days of the filing of
4 this petition;

5 5) Award attorneys' fees to Petitioner; and

6 6) Grant any other and further relief which this Court deems just and proper.

7 I affirm, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct.
8

9
10 Respectfully submitted this 3rd day of December, 2025.

11
12 /s/ Murray D. Hilts

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17 *Attorney for Petitioner*
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