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# **ANSWER TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS**

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Petitioner Abdikadir Diini Talaso ("Petitioner") brought a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (the "Petition") challenging his detention pending removal pursuant to the Fifth Amendment's Due Process Clause and *Zadvydas v. Davis*, <u>533 U.S. 678</u> (2001). *See* Petition, <u>ECF No. 1</u>. In his Petition, Petitioner seeks immediate release from detention.

Petitioner is subject to a final order of removal. Respondents are currently seeking travel documents to remove Petitioner to multiple countries and now answer the Petition as follows.

### II. RELEVANT FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The following background facts are offered as not in dispute from Plaintiff's Petition, <u>ECF No. 1</u>, and the Declaration of Lourdes Palacios ("Palacios Decl."), <u>ECF No. 7-1</u>.

Petitioner is a native of Somalia and most recently resided in a refugee camp in Kenya prior to his entry to the United States. Petition ¶ 6; Palacios Decl. ¶¶ 5, 12. Petitioner entered the United States on September 3, 2004, as a refugee and adjusted his status to a Lawful Permanent Resident on August 3, 2006. Palacios Decl. ¶¶ 5 & 6; Petition ¶ 12.

On October 3, 2012, Petitioner was convicted in South Dakota state court of the offense of Contributing to abuse, neglect, or causing child to become child in need of supervision in violation of South Dakota Criminal Law Section 26-9-1 and was sentenced to 365 days in jail. Palacios Decl. ¶ 8. On January 13, 2016, Petitioner was convicted in New York state court of the offense of Sexual Abuse in the First Degree in violation of New York Penal Law Section 130.65.01 and was sentenced to three years imprisonment. *Id.* ¶ 9.

On September 7, 2016, Petitioner was served with a Notice to Appear, charging him as removable under section 237(a)(2)(A)(iii) & (E)(i) of the Immigration and

Nationality Act. Id. ¶ 10; see <u>8 U.S.C. § 1227(a)(2)(A)(iii)</u> & (E)(i). On May 16, 2018. the immigration judge issued a removal order, ordering Petitioner to be removed to Somalia or Kenya. Palacios Decl. ¶ 12; Petition ¶ 11. The immigration judge also granted deferral of removal under Article 3 of the Convention Against Torture as to Somalia. Palacios Decl. ¶ 12. ICE requested documents from Somalia on July 26, 2018, to effectuate Petitioner's removal to other countries and that request remains pending. Id. ¶ 13. The removal order became final on that same date after Petitioner waived his appeal. Petition ¶ 6. Petitioner was released on an order of supervision on November 16, 2018. Palacios Decl. ¶ 14.

On January 27, 2025, Petitioner was arrested at his residence in Buffalo, New York, and has been in detention since that date. *Id.* ¶ 17; Petition ¶ 11. On April 14, 2025, ICE began efforts to remove Petition to Kenya. Palacios Decl. ¶ 23. ICE's Headquarters Removal and International Operations ("HQ RIO") advised the Los Angeles Enforcement and Removal Operations ("LA ERO") that Kenya would not accept a travel document request without a completed Form I-241, Request for Acceptance of Alien. *Id.* ¶ 25. LA ERO sent the Form I-241 to HQ RIO on May 5, 2025, and the request remains outstanding. *Id.* ¶ 26. ICE renewed its request to Somalia for documents on April 16, 2025, which remains pending. *Id.* ¶ 24.

On July 24, 2025, LA ERO issued a request to HQ RIO for Petitioner to be considered for removal to multiple third-party countries not previously contacted. *Id.* ¶ 29. That request is pending review by HQ RIO. *Id.* 

#### III. APPLICABLE LAW

Petitioner's detention is authorized under is <u>8 U.S.C.</u> § 1231(a)(2), which provides that "[d]uring the removal period, the Attorney General shall detain the alien." <u>8 U.S.C.</u> § 1231(a)(2). Under <u>8 U.S.C.</u> § 1231(a)(1)(A), the government generally has 90 days to facilitate the alien's removal. *Thai v. Ashcroft*, <u>366 F.3d 790, 793</u> (9th Cir. 2004) (citation omitted); *see also* <u>8 U.S.C.</u> § 1231(a)(1)(A). Where removal cannot be accomplished within the 90-day removal period, continued detention is authorized by 8

<u>U.S.C.</u> § 1231(a)(6) ("An alien ordered removed ... who has been determined by the Attorney General to be a risk to the community or unlikely to comply with the order of removal, may be detained beyond the removal period...").

In Zadvydas v. Davis, 533 U.S. 678 (2001), the Supreme Court held that 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) contained an implicit "reasonable time" limitation. Zadvydas, 533 U.S. at 682. The Court concluded that, for the sake of uniform administration in the federal courts, six months was a presumptively reasonable period of detention pending removal. *Id.* at 701. The Court elaborated:

After this 6-month period, once the alien provides good reason to believe that there is no significant likelihood of removal in the reasonably foreseeable future, the Government must respond with evidence sufficient to rebut that showing ... This 6-month presumption, of course, does not mean that every alien not removed must be released after six months. To the contrary, an alien may be held in confinement until it has been determined that there is no significant likelihood of removal in the reasonably foreseeable future.

Zadvydas, 533 U.S. at 701 (emphasis added.)

Thus, even when an alien is detained for longer than six months, the alien is not automatically entitled to habeas relief. He still has the burden to show that there is "good reason to believe that there is no significant likelihood of removal in the reasonably foreseeable future." *Id.*; see also Clark v. Suarez-Martinez, 543 U.S. 371, 377–78 (2005). The Ninth Circuit has held that meeting this burden requires the alien to show that he "is unremovable because the destination country will not accept him or his removal is barred by our own laws." *Prieto-Romero v. Clark*, 534 F.3d 1053, 1063 (9th Cir. 2008). Only if the alien can make this showing does the burden shift to Respondents to provide rebuttal evidence. *Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 701.

Here, it is undisputed that Petitioner has been detained since January 27, 2025, which is more than six months. ICE is seeking travel documents from multiple countries and no country has yet refused these requests. Petitioner has not alleged that any destination country is refusing to accept him, such that it is unlikely he will be removed

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1	in the reasonably foreseeable future—he has instead alleged that those efforts are		
2	ongoing.		
3	ICE is continuing to detain Petitioner while removal efforts are ongoing.		
4	Respondents have no additional documents or information to provide to the Court at this		
5	time.		
6	IV. CONCLUSION		
7	Respondents respectfully submit that Petitioner's Habeas Petition is now ripe for		
8	adjudication. Respondents do not believe that an evidentiary hearing is required.		
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10	Dated: August 11, 2025	Respectfully submitted,	
11 12		BILAL A. ESSAYLI Acting United States Attorney DAVID M. HARRIS	
13		Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Civil Division	
14		DANIEL A. BECK Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Complex and Defensive Litigation Section	
15		Cinci, Complex and Defensive Engagement Section	
16		/s/Ryan C. Chapman	
17		RYAN C. CHAPMAN Assistant United States Attorney	
18		Attorneys for Defendant	
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## **DECLARATION OF LOURDES PALACIOS**

I, Lourdes Palacios, do hereby declare and state as follows:

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- I am employed as a Deportation Officer ("DO") by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security ("DHS"), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE"), Office of Enforcement and Removal Operations ("ERO"). I have been employed by DHS since February 28, 2021.
- I am currently assigned to the ERO Los Angeles Field Office, Adelanto Sub Office.
- 3. The following information is based on my personal knowledge and my review of information obtained from other individuals employed by DHS, information obtained from government databases maintained by DHS, documents contained in Petitioner's alien file ("A-file") and/or other official government records related to Petitioner's removal proceedings. And unless otherwise stated, this declaration is based on that review. If called as a witness, I could and would competently testify thereto.
- 4. My responsibilities as DO include the review of detained alien cases. As part of my duties, I reviewed the case of Abdikadir Dini Talaso (TALASO).
  - 5. The Petitioner, TALASO, is a native and citizen of Somalia.
- On or about September 3, 2004, TALASO entered the United States as a Refugee at New York, New York.
- 7. On August 3, 2006, TALASO adjusted his status to a Lawful Permanent Resident.
- 8. On October 3, 2012, TALASO was convicted in the Second Judicial Circuit Court of South Dakota, County of Minnehaha for the offense of Contributing to abuse, neglect, or causing child to become child in need of supervision in violation of South Dakota Criminal Law Section 26-9-1. He was sentenced to 365 days in jail.
- 9. On January 13, 2016, TALASO was convicted in the New York State Supreme Court, County of Erie, for the offense of Sexual Abuse in the First Degree in

violation of New York State Penal Law Section 130.65.01. He was sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years.

- 10. On September 7, 2016, TALASO was served by mail with a Notice to Appear, charging him as removable from the United States under Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) § 237(a)(2)(A)(iii), in that, at any time after admission, he was convicted of an aggravated felony as defined in section 101(a)(43)(F) of the Act, a law relating to a crime of violence for which the term of imprisonment imposed is at least one year; and Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) § 237(a)(2)(E)(i), an alien who at any time after entry has been convicted of domestic violence, crime of stalking, or crime of child abuse, child neglect, or child abandonment.
- 11. On May 22, 2017, the immigration judge sustained both charges of removability against the respondent. As relief from removal, TALASO filed a Form I-589, Application for Asylum and for Withholding of Removal, and sought protection under Article 3 of the Convention Against Torture.
- 12. On May 16, 2018, the immigration judge issued a removal order, ordering TALASO removed to Somalia or, in the alternative, to Kenya. DHS designated Kenya as an alternative country of removal because TALASO had previously been admitted to Kenya as a refugee and his wife and children were in Kenya. The immigration judge withheld TALASO's removal to Somalia by granting deferral of removal under Article 3 of the Convention Against Torture.
- 13. On July 26, 2018, a travel document (TD) from Somalia was requested. This request is pending.
- 14. On or about November 16, 2018, TALASO ERO issued a release notification with an Order of Supervision (OSUP).
- On or about November 16, 2018, TALASO was turned over to the New York
   State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision due to retake warrant.
- On May 17, 2022, TALASO reported to ERO for an in-person check-in and served with a new OSUP.

Buffalo and HSI Buffalo at his residence at 278 Grant Street, Buffalo, New York 14213.

TALASO's order of removal pending a travel document ("TD") application.

during a targeted enforcement action in Buffalo, New York.

On January 27, 2025, TALASO was encountered and arrested by ICE ERO

On or about February 7, 2025, TALASO began removal efforts to execute

On or about March 4, 2025, ERO served TALASO a Warning for Failure to

On or about April 1, 2025, TALASO was placed in ICE Air transfer.

(POCR) of TALASO's detention. ERO determined continued detention is warranted.

On or about April 9, 2025, TALASO was removed from ICE Air transfer.

On or about April 9, 2025, ERO conducted a Post Order Custody Review

On or about April 14, 2025, ERO initiated efforts to repatriate TALASO to

On or about April 16, 2025, another request for a TD was sent to Somalia.

On or about April 24, 2025, Headquarters Removal and International

On or about May 5, 2025, ERO sent a Form I-241, Request for Acceptance

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This request is pending.

Kenya.

Depart (Form I-229).

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- of Alien, to HQ RIO to request a travel document for TALASO. This request is still outstanding. 27. On or about June 28, 2025, ERO served TALASO with another Warning for 23
  - Failure to Comply (Form I-229).

Operation (HQ RIO) advised ERO Los Angeles that Kenya would not accept a travel

document request without an accompanying Form I-241, Request for Acceptance of Alien.

- On or about July 17, 2025, ERO conducted a second POCR interview. ERO recommended continued detention.
- On July 24, 2025, ERO requested from local management to elevate 29. TALASO's case to HQ RIO for review and potential submission for acceptance to

multiple third-party countries not previously contacted by ERO. This request is still pending review by HQ RIO.

- pending review by HQ RIO.

  30. On July 29, 2025, ERO served TALASO with another Warning for Failure
- 30. On July 29, 2025, ERO served TALASO with another Warning for Failure to Comply (Form I-229).
- 31. As of the date of this declaration, travel document requests for TALASO are still pending and TALASO's acceptance to Kenya has not been declined.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 7th day of August, 2025, at Adelanto, California.

Lourdes Palacios
Deportation Officer
DHS/ICE/ERO
Adelanto, California

### PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAILING

I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am employed by the Office of United States Attorney, Central District of California, and am readily familiar with the practice of this office for collection and processing of mail. My business address is 300 North Los Angeles Street, Suite 7516, Los Angeles, California 90012.

On <u>August 11, 2025</u>, I served <u>RESPONDENTS' ANSWER TO PETITION</u>

<u>FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS</u> on persons or entities named below by enclosing a copy in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid and addressed as shown below and placing the envelope for collection and mailing with the United States Postal Service on the date and at the place shown below following our ordinary office practices.

Date of mailing: <u>August 11, 2025</u>. Place of mailing: Los Angeles, California.

Person(s) and/or Entity(ies) to Whom mailed:

Abdikadir Diini Talaso

Adelanto ICE Processing Center Dorm 4D-202 01 L 10250 Rancho Road Adelanto, CA 92301

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.

Executed on August 11, 2025 at Los Angeles, California.

CAROL M. YBARRA