UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA – ORLANDO DIVISION

FLORIDA – ORLANDO DIVISION
Evandro Marchesini Lagos,
Petitioner,
v.
U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), U.S. Immigration and
Customs Enforcement (ICE), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
(USCIS),
Respondents.
Case No:
PETIÇÃO 1 - URGENT MOTION FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING

PETIÇÃO 1 — <u>URGENT MOTION</u> FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER (14-DAY STAY)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA - ORLANDO DIVISION

COMES NOW, the Petitioner, Evandro Marchesini Lagos, pro se, respectfully moves this Honorable Court to issue an Emergency Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) pursuant to Rule 65(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and 28 U.S.C. § 2241, staying any attempt to remove or detain the Petitioner from the United States for a minimum period of 14 (fourteen) days, pending judicial evaluation of the Habeas Corpus filed concurrently.

GROUNDS FOR RELIEF:

1. Irreparable Harm and Imminent Threat:

On April 11, 2025, the Petitioner received an unrecorded electronic notice of parole termination and removal within 7 days. Such action lacks procedural transparency and violates the Due Process Clause (5th Amendment), as no court order or hearing was held.

2. Active Legal Proceedings Exist:

The Petitioner has a scheduled immigration hearing before a U.S. Immigration Judge on

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May 27, 2025, which remains a valid and open legal proceeding. Deportation prior to that hearing would nullify all due process rights and constitute judicial circumvention.

3. Extreme Vulnerability:

The Petitioner is currently residing in a **shelter environment while awaiting justice and legal process**, with no stable country of return, no support system, and no safe alternative. Forced removal would result in abandonment, persecution, or further trauma.

4. Substantial Legal Questions Pending:

The Petitioner may have been erroneously included in a mass removal program similar to CHNV parolees. This issue is currently under federal scrutiny, with active judicial interventions underway, including Judge Indira Talwani's injunction efforts and Judge James Boasberg's federal review of DHS deportation practices.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF:

The Petitioner respectfully requests that this Court:

- Immediately grant a 14-day TRO, barring any removal, detention, or immigration enforcement action;
- Maintain the Petitioner in lawful parole status during this period;
- Schedule a preliminary hearing to evaluate the merits of the Habeas Corpus;
- Order the Respondents to provide written notice of any intended enforcement actions.

Respectfully submitted, Evandro Marchesini Lagos April 15, 2025 – Orlando, Florida

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA - ORLANDO DIVISION

Evandro Marchesini Lagos,

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V.



U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS),

Respondents.	
Case No:	

PETIÇÃO 2 – MOTION TO STAY REMOVAL UNTIL FINAL JUDICIAL RESOLUTION

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA -ORLANDO DIVISION

Evandro Marchesini Lagos,

Petitioner,

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), Respondents.

Case N	lo:				
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MOTION TO STAY REMOVAL

(Until Final Judgment and Exhaustion of Judicial Review, Including Supreme Court Decision if Applicable)

COMES NOW, the Petitioner, Evandro Marchesini Lagos, respectfully and urgently moves this Honorable Court for a permanent stay of removal until the final and binding resolution of all

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- His scheduled individual hearing before an immigration judge on May 27, 2025;
- Any motions to reopen, appeals to the BIA (Board of Immigration Appeals);
- Habeas corpus review now submitted to this Court;
- And any constitutional challenges pending before higher courts, including the U.S.
 Supreme Court, related to the legality of mass deportation of parolees under DHS directives influenced by the Alien Enemies Act of 1798.

BASIS FOR RELIEF:

- Ongoing National Legal Conflict: Multiple federal judges, including Judge James
 Boasberg and Judge Indira Talwani, have questioned the legality of DHS mass
 deportation practices against parolees. These actions are currently under review and
 could result in retroactive invalidation of removals, making immediate enforcement
 unjust and legally unsustainable.
- Petitioner's Unique Vulnerability: The Petitioner has no safe destination to return to —
 not the United Kingdom, not Brazil, and not Italy (despite formal nationality), as
 established in the accompanying petition. Forced removal would amount to
 constructive refoulement and would severely harm his physical and psychological
 wellbeing.
- 3. Risk of Wrongful Inclusion in Mass Deportation: The Petitioner does not belong to the CHNV groups but may have been caught in the net of DHS automated removal protocols. There is reason to believe his name or profile triggered systemic misclassification, further justifying judicial review and protection.

REQUESTED RELIEF:

The Petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable Court to:

 Issue an Order Staying All Removal Actions until a final decision has been made on his pending immigration proceedings;

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